Mini-4K/6K/7K/10K/10K+ Mini Centrifuge



The mini centrifuge series MINI–4K/6K/7K/10K/10K+ is perfect designed with novel and unique appearance. It is pretty and skillful, equipped with 2 types of rotors and several tube carriers for 2.0ml / 1.5ml / 0.5ml / 0.2ml tubes and 0.2ml x 8 PCR tube strips. It is designed user–friendly. Open/close the cover will automatically start/stop the centrifuge. Mini centrifuge series are built–in timing function.









MINI-10K+

MINI-4K/6K/7K/10K

Appearance Patent Number: 201330283220.6 Utility Model Patent Number: 201320373708.2









- 1. Large radius rotor with 8 tube holes, centrifugal force is 1.5 times bigger than ordinary 6-hole rotor at the same rolling speed.
- 2. The cover press-button is outward designed with start/stop function. Press the button, the cover will open automatically to 95° which is very convenient for one-hand operation.
- 3. The rotor is clip-on fixed. Very convenient for rotors exchanging yet fixed solid reliable.
- 4. LED display speed (MINI-10K+) and timing.
- 5. Working silent and stable. Free-maintenance motor, long-life and safe.
- 6. Delicate appearance yet multi-purpose to meet different experiments

[Technical Parameters]

| Model | Mini-4K | Mini-6K | Mini-7K | Mini-10K | Mini-10K+ |
|-------------------|--|---------|---|-------------|---|
| Speed | 4000rpm | 6000rpm | 7000rpm | 10000rpm | 3000rpm - 10000rpm (1000rpm step) |
| Centrifugal Force | 1200g | 3000g | 3400g | 7500g | 1000g - 7500 g |
| Sample Capacity | 8 x 2.0ml/1.5ml/0.5ml/0.2ml tube (additional 0.5ml and 0.2ml tube carriers) 2x8x0.2ml PCR tube strip | | 8 x 2.0ml/1.5ml/0.5ml/0.2ml tube (additional 0.5ml and 0.2ml tube carriers) | | 8x2.0ml/1.5ml/0.5ml/0.2ml tube (additional 0.5ml and 0.2ml tube carriers) 2x8x0.2ml PCR tube strip (tube strip only used when speed≤6000rpm) |
| Time Range | 1s - 99min59s | | | 1s - 999min | |
| Noise | ≤45 dB | | | ≤55dB | |
| Dimension | 176x156x121mm | | | | |
| Net Weight | ≤ 1.5 kg | | | | |
| Power | 220V/110V 50-60HZ | | | | |

(Applications)

- 1. Extract serum from blood
- 3. Rapid subsidence of samples
- 5. Microbial sample processing
- 2. Extract the supernatant from a variety of samples
- 4. Separation of trace blood cells
- 6. PCR experimental division centrifugal